



Seat No. _____

HAL-003-1043003
B. Sc. (I.T.) (Sem.-III) (CBCS)
(W.E.F. 2016) Examination
June - 2023
RDBMS Using ORACLE : CS-15

Faculty Code : 003
Subject Code : 1043003

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours / Total Marks : 70

- 1 (a) Objective type questions : 4
- (1) RDBMS stands for _____
 - (2) Who is developed by RDBMS concept ?
 - (3) What is DBMS ?
 - (4) SQL stands for _____.
- (b) Answer in brief : (any 1 out of 2) 2
- (1) What is SQL*Plus?
 - (2) What is normalization ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) 3
- (1) Explain SQL Datatype.
 - (2) Explain RDBMS.
- (d) Write a note on : (any 1 out of 2) 5
- (1) Explain SQL-Command.
 - (2) What is SQL ? Explain SQL operator.
- 2 (a) Objective type questions : 4
- (1) UPPER () is converts alpha character value to _____.
 - (2) LIKE condition to perform wildcard searches of valid search _____ values.
 - (3) DROP statement is used to permanently _____ object in database.
 - (4) DCL stands for _____

- (b) Answer in brief : (any 1 out of 2) 2
- (1) How to record insert in Database ?
 - (2) How to create new table with example ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) 3
- (1) Explain any 2 date function.
 - (2) Explain any 2 character function.
- (d) Write a note on : (any 1 out of 2) 5
- (1) Explain how to new create user in oracle ?
 - (2) Explain SELF join with example.
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- 3** (a) Objective type questions : 4
- (1) What is GROUP BY ?
 - (2) List of SET operator in ORACLE.
 - (3) A _____ statement makes changes permanent.
 - (4) ROWID is an internally generated and maintained value, which _____ identifies a record.
- (b) Answer in brief : (any 1 out of 2) 2
- (1) What is sequence ?
 - (2) What is cluster ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) 3
- (1) What is locks ? Explain types of locks.
 - (2) What is INDEX ? Explain types of index.
- (d) Write a note on : (any 1 out of 2) 5
- (1) Explain database link with detail.
 - (2) Explain synonyms with detail.
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- 4** (a) Objective type questions : 4
- (1) To display messages, the SET SERVEROUTPUT should be set to _____.
 - (2) BLOB stand for _____.
 - (3) What is cursor ?
 - (4) PL/SQL stands for _____.
- (b) Answer in brief : (any 1 out of 2)
- (1) What is VARRAY ?
 - (2) What is procedure ?

- (c) Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) **3**
 (1) Explain how to write PL/SQL block structure.
 (2) Explain types of cursor.
- (d) Write a note on : (any 1 out of 2) **5**
 (1) Explain exception handling.
 (2) What is Package ? Explain with detail.
- 5** (a) Objective type questions : **4**
 (1) Full form of SMON.
 (2) Full form of PGA.
 (3) PMON stands for _____.
 (4) Full form of SGA.
- (b) Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2) **2**
 (1) Explain memory structure in oracle.
 (2) What is control file in oracle ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) **3**
 (1) Explain server process in oracle server.
 (2) Explain oracle blocks.
- (d) Write a note on : (any 1 out of 2) **5**
 (1) What is tablespace ? Explain types of tablespace.
 (2) Explain init.ora file with detail.
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